Applicant: Minoru Maeda Attorney's Docket No.: 14815-015001 / F03007

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## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A phase locked loop (PLL) circuit using a fractional frequency divider, comprising:

a first PLL stage for controlling the output frequency of a first voltage-controlled oscillator with a deviation, which is obtained by dividing the frequency of the output of said first voltage-controlled oscillator by a first fractional frequency divider and by comparing the frequency-divided output with a first reference frequency [[,]] in a first phase comparator whose output passes through a low pass filter; and

a second fractional frequency divider for dividing the frequency of the output <u>from the</u> <u>first voltage-controlled oscillator</u> of said first PLL stage;

a second PLL stage for receiving the output of said second fractional frequency divider as a second reference frequency signal.

and for inputting the frequency-divided output as a reference frequency signal of a second PLL stage,

wherein the output signal of a second voltage controlled oscillator of said second PLL stage is extracted.

2. (Currently amended) A phase locked loop circuit using a fractional frequency divider, according to Claim 1,

wherein said second PLL stage is constructed to control the output frequency of said second voltage-controlled oscillator with a deviation, which is obtained by dividing the frequency of the output of said second voltage-controlled oscillator by a frequency divider and by comparing the frequency-divided output from said frequency divider with the second

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reference frequency [[,]] in a second phase comparator whose output passes through a low-pass filter.

3. (Currently amended) A phase locked loop (PLL) circuit using a fractional frequency divider, comprising:

a first PLL stage for controlling the output frequency of a first voltage-controlled oscillator in accordance with a deviation, which is obtained by comparing in a first phase comparator the output of said first voltage-controlled oscillator with a first reference frequency, wherein the output of the first voltage-controlled oscillator passes through a direct digital synthesizer (DDS) for multiplication by G/2<sup>h</sup>; and

a second PLL stage for controlling the output frequency of said a second voltage-controlled oscillator in accordance with a deviation, which is obtained by using the output of said first PLL stage as a reference frequency signal and by comparing in a second phase comparator the output of [[a]] said second voltage-controlled oscillator with a signal that is frequency-divided from the output of the second voltage-controlled oscillator by a fractional frequency divider, with the output of said first PLL stage used as a second reference frequency signal,

wherein frequency division by the fractional frequency divider is expressed by  $1/(m + A/2^b)$ , wherein the value of  $2^{(h-b)}/G$  is equal to a factorial of a positive integer of 10.

divided in frequency by a fractional frequency divider, with said reference frequency signal,

wherein the output signal of a second voltage controlled oscillator of said second PLL stage is extracted.

4. (Currently amended) A phase locked loop (PLL) circuit using a fractional frequency divider, comprising:

a first PLL stage for controlling the output frequency of a first voltage-controlled oscillator with a deviation, which is obtained by <u>frequency-dividing the frequency of</u> the output

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of said first voltage-controlled oscillator by a first fractional frequency and by comparing in a first phase comparator the frequency-divided output with a first reference frequency; and

a second PLL stage for controlling the output frequency of said <u>a</u> second voltage-controlled oscillator in accordance with a deviation, which is obtained <u>by using the output of said</u> first PLL stage as a reference frequency signal and by comparing the output of [[a]] <u>said</u> second voltage-controlled oscillator <u>passed</u> through a <u>direct digital synthesizer (DDS) for multiplying</u> the output of said second stage voltage-controlled oscillator by G/2<sup>h</sup>, with said reference frequency signal, with the output of said first PLL stage as a second reference frequency;

wherein frequency division by the fractional frequency divider is expressed by  $1/(m + A/2^b)$ , wherein the value of  $2^{(h-b)}/G$  is equal to a factorial of a positive integer of 10.

wherein the output signal of a second voltage controlled oscillator of said second PLL stage is extracted.

5. (Currently amended) A phase locked loop circuit using a fractional frequency divider, according to any of Claims 1, 3 and 4 [[to 4]], further comprising:

a band-pass filter inserted into [[the]] <u>a</u> front stage of [[a]] <u>the first</u> phase comparator of said first PLL stage.

- 6. (New) A phase-locked loop (PLL) circuit using a frequency divider, according to claim 1 wherein said second fractional frequency divider has a frequency division ratio of 1/(N + C/D) to output said reference frequency signal having a frequency of (N \* D + C) Hz.
- 7. (New) A phase-locked loop (PLL) circuit using a frequency divider according to claim 6 wherein the value of D is a factorial of 2.